Department of

| What do I need to |
| :---: |
| Memember from before? |
| Exponents (NP4) |
| Directed numbers (NP6) |
| What will I I I earn about in this |
| unit at CEC? |
| Expressions (A1) |
| Adding and subtracting expressions |
| (NWN A6) |
| Multiplying and dividing expressions |
| (NW A7a, A7b) |
| Index laws |
| (NN 131) |
| Forming expressions |
| (NW 137) |

## Where does this lead?

Expanding and factorising brackets (A3)

Solving equations (A4)
Quadratic expressions (A11)

Key words and symbols: what I need to say and write accurately

| Word | Explanation |
| :--- | :--- |
| variable | a number that can change its value, represented by a letter such as $x$ or a green tile <br> when we do not know its value |
| constant | a number that does not change, is fixed |
| operation | something that takes input numbers and turns them into output numbers, such as <br> addition (including subtraction), multiplication (including division), exponentiation <br> (including roots) |
| expression | a collection of constants, variables and operations <br> e.g. $4 x, 2 p-5$ and $x^{2}+3 x+6$ are all expressions |
| term | the parts of an expression separated by + or.- <br> e.g. in the expression $4 x-\frac{1}{2} y$, the terms are $4 x$ and $\frac{1}{2} y$ |

Fingertip facts: what I need to learn by heart
The index laws

1. When we multiply powers with the same base, we can add their exponents.

$$
x^{7} \cdot x^{3}=x^{10}
$$

2. When we divide powers with the same base, we can subtract their exponents.

$$
\frac{x^{7}}{x^{3}}=x^{4}
$$

3. When we find a power of a power, we can multiply the exponents together.

$$
\left(x^{2}\right)^{3}=x^{6}
$$

